

WARNING

Before putting tool in service, take the manual to your supervisor.



ENFROE™

MODELS J-SERIES CLAMPS

APPLICATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

Model J



Model JP



Model JA



Model JPA





Model J-Series Clamp Operator's Manual

This Operator's Manual covers the application, operation, and maintenance of this RENFROE™ product. Operator's Manuals for other current RENFROE products are available upon request.



The RENFROE brand has been trusted and preferred by international lifting clamp users for more than 50 years. They are manufactured by The Caldwell Group, Inc. in Rockford, IL, and sold via a worldwide network of stocking distributors who exemplify the same high-quality performance and service standards RENFROE brand stands for.

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WARNING

Prior to selection, operation, and/or maintenance of RENFROE products, read and understand the information provided in this manual.

The understanding and use of the definitions are important in determining the limitations and proper application of RENFROE products.

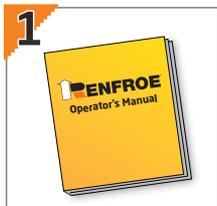
Failure to review and utilize recommended applications, operation, and maintenance instructions may result in serious injury to operator and others.

Notice of Exclusion of Warranty

RENFROE has herein set forth in conspicuous language an exclusion of any warranty either expressed or implied, which is not specifically and particularly contained herein. Please refer to that statement for representations and warranties of products manufactured by RENFROE.

This publication supersedes all previously published and/or distributed information by manufacturer and/or its distributors with respect to applicable RENFROE products and subject matter described or contained herein.

RENFROE™ Clamp Operator



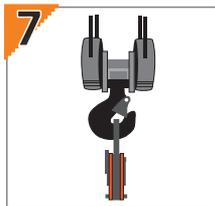
DO read and understand the Operator's Manual before using clamp.



DON'T use a connection that may release the clamp.



DO consult the Operators Manual or RENFROE when in doubt.



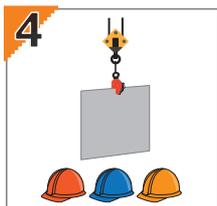
DON'T attach clamp directly to crane hook or use a heavy flexible connection.



DO attend a RENFROE factory training class to establish proper clamp use.



DO use a flexible connection between crane hook and clamp shackle.



DON'T lift over workers, safety areas, or personnel.



DO use correct clamp for job; **DON'T** use large capacity clamps to lift light loads.

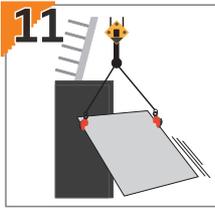


DO lock clamp closed with lock; **DON'T** lift with lock in open position.

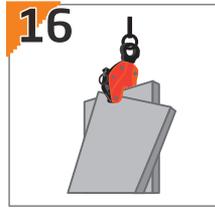


DO use clamps within their rated capacity; **DON'T** overload clamps.

Operation Do's and Don'ts



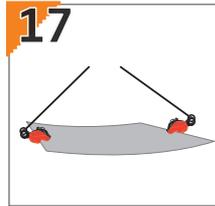
11 **DO** use enough clamps to balance load; **DON'T** lift loads that are not balanced.



16 **DON'T** rush—and **DON'T** lift more than one plate at a time with a vertical clamp.



12 **DO** always refer to pre-lift inspection in Operator's Manual.



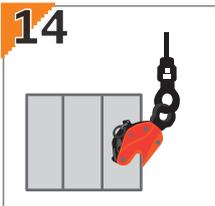
17 **DON'T** lift plate horizontally with a vertical lift only clamp.



13 **DO** inspect clamp before each lift and follow inspection & maintenance instructions.



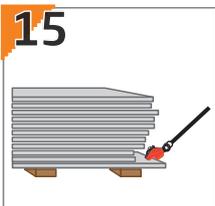
18 **DON'T** alter the clamp; **DON'T** grind, weld or modify the clamp in any manner.



14 **DON'T** side load with a straight shackle clamp.



19 **DO** secure load before attaching clamp.



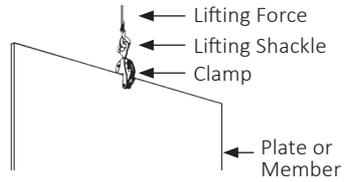
15 **DON'T** misuse (i.e. **DON'T** lift plate from bottom of plate stack).



20 **DO** use only RENFROE replacement parts to assure proper operation of the clamp.

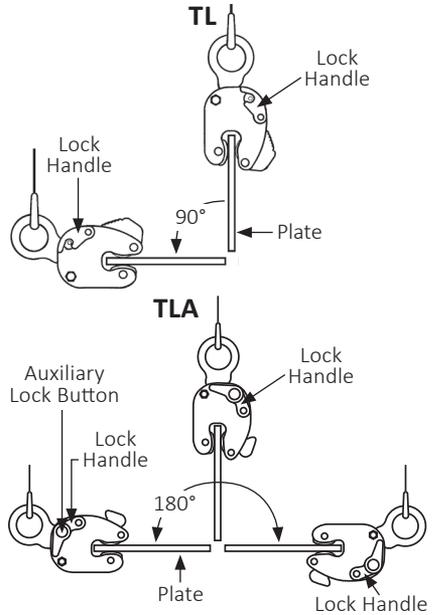
Vertical Lift

The lifting of a single plate or member in which the lifting force exerted by the rigging is directly above and in line with the lifting shackle as shown in the illustration on the right.



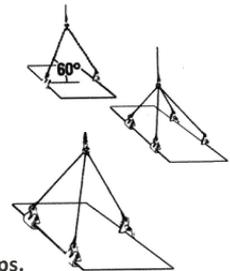
Vertical Turn/Lift

A vertical turn/lift clamp is a vertical lifting clamp specifically intended to turn a single plate or member through a ninety degree (90°) arc and back to vertical through the same ninety degree (90°) arc or from horizontal to vertical to horizontal through a one hundred and eighty degree (180°) arc. Refer to Application Section of specific Turn/Lift clamps for further detail. During the turning operation, the edge of the plate opposite the edge to which the clamp is attached should always be in contact with a supporting surface such as a factory floor and the load on the clamp not exceed one half rated capacity of clamp—refer to illustrations shown on the right.



Horizontal Lift

Clamps (used in pairs or multiples) are attached to the side edges of a plate or bundle of plates positioned horizontally to the floor level. The rigging attached to clamps is generally multi-legged slings with the connecting point of the slings being approximately centered between the distance separating the clamps. Refer to illustrations shown on the right. **WARNING: The capacity of all horizontal clamps is based on a sling angle of sixty degrees (60°). Sling angles less than sixty degrees (60°) increase the load exerted on the clamps. Never exceed the rated capacity of a single clamp.**



Steel Plates

Unless otherwise specified, lifting clamps are manufactured to handle hot-rolled steel plates whose Brinell Hardness does not exceed 300. **WARNING: Do not lift plates with coatings or mill scale that prevent the gripping surfaces of the clamp from making positive contact with the base metal.**

Finished and Polished Plates

Steel plates in this category have other than hot-rolled surfaces such as stainless steel, etc., and are generally handled using non-marring clamp that incorporate smooth-gripping surfaces. **WARNING: For applications using clamps with serrated gripping surfaces on finished or polished plates, secure written recommendations from CALDWELL/RENFROE.**

Structural Members Fabricated Sections

Unless otherwise specified, clamps described as capable of handling structural members and fabricated sections are limited to hot-rolled steel whose Brinell Hardness does not exceed 300. **WARNING: For applications not covered by the above information, secure written recommendations from CALDWELL/RENFROE.**

Rated Capacity

The rated capacity of a RENFROE product is based on the product being in “new or as new” condition and represents the maximum load the product is to be subjected to when utilized in the manner described in this manual. Wear, misuse, abuse, and other factors relating to usage may reduce the rated capacity. Shock loading and the factors listed must be taken into consideration when selecting a RENFROE product for a given application.

Plate Thickness

The minimum and maximum plate/wall thickness a clamp specified for handling plates is capable of lifting. **WARNING: Never use a clamp for lifting a plate where the plate/wall thickness is less than or greater than the minimum and maximum stenciled on the clamp.**

For applications not covered by the above information, secure written recommendations from CALDWELL/RENFROE.

Jaw Opening

The minimum and maximum plate/wall thickness a clamp specified for handling plates is capable of lifting. **WARNING: Never use a clamp for lifting a plate where the plate/wall thickness is less than or greater than the minimum and maximum stenciled on the clamp.**

Operating Temperatures

Unless specified under the Application Section of the individual model, the approved operating temperature of RENFROE clamps is from 0°F (-18°C) to a maximum of 200°F (93°C). The minimum and maximum temperatures apply to both ambient and the material being handled by the clamp. **WARNING: Secure written authorization from CALDWELL/RENFROE before using clamps in temperatures other than shown.**

Hot Lifts

The Model R and S clamps are available in modifications that are capable of making lifts where the temperatures of the member being lifted exceeds 200°F (93°C). Depending on conditions, a lift may exceed 1000°F (538°C). The exact application and temperatures of the plates to be handled are critical in selecting the proper mode. **WARNING: Secure written instructions from CALDWELL/RENFROE for all hot lift applications.**

Locking Clamps

Locking clamps are divided into the categories listed below. With the exception of the “Locking Wedge” and “Locking Screw” type, the purpose of the locks is to facilitate the attaching and removing of the clamp from the member being handled.

Lock Closed

An over-center, spring-loaded mechanism in which the spring exerts a force on the gripping cam when the lock handle is moved to the “Lock Closed” position. When the handle is moved to unlocked position, the force exerted by the spring is relaxed and the gripping cam may be retracted by pushing the lifting shackle into body of clamp. Refer to the Operation Section of specific models of “Lock Closed” clamps for additional details. Typical “Lock Closed” clamps are Models DG, FR, and M.

Lock Open Only

Normally used on “Hot Lift” clamps and consists of a manually operated “Lock Stop Pin” that is inserted when gripping cam of clamp is retracted and removed when clamp is positioned on the plate. Tag line may be used to permit operator to remove pin from a greater distance from clamp. Refer to the Operation Section of specific model of “Lock Open Only” clamps for additional details. A typical “Lock Open Only” clamp is the Model RO.

Lock Closed-Lock Open

An over-center, spring-loaded mechanism in which the spring exerts a force on the gripping cam when the lock handle is moved to the “Lock Closed” position. When the handle is moved to the “Lock Open” position, the gripping cam is maintained in the retracted position for ease in installing the clamp on a plate or member. The Model FRD contains individual “Lock Open” and “Lock Closed” mechanisms that must be operated separately. Refer to the Operation Section of specific models of the “Lock Open-Lock Closed” clamps for additional details. Typical “Lock Open-Lock Closed” clamps are Models FRD, R, S, SD, SEA, SX, TL, TLA, TLC, and the J Series.

Locking Wedge

Locking wedge is a fluted steel wedge that is driven in place with a hammer. The body of the wedge is positioned in a slot in the clamp body with the fluted edges contacting the member to which the clamp is being attached. Refer to Operation Section of specific models of the “Locking Wedge” clamps for additional details. Typical “Locking Wedge” clamps are Model A1, B1, B2, and PB.

Locking Screw

“Lock Screw” clamps depend on manually adjusting a screw to hold the gripping surface in place for lifting and removing the clamp from member being lifted. Refer to Operation Section of a specific model of “Locking Screw” clamps for additional details. Typical “Locking Screw” clamps are Models AC, ACP, NM, PC, SCP, and SCPA.

Non-Locking

“Non-Locking” clamps have no mechanisms to aid in attaching or removing clamp from member being lifted. It is necessary to have position of clamp maintained on the member being lifted until a properly applied force is exerted to the lifting shackle. Refer to Operation Section of specific models of the “Non-Locking” clamps for additional details. Typical “Non-Locking” clamps are Model AST, ASTL, BD, LHC, LHD, and WHSR.

Warning

A pointing out and notice of danger. The purpose of a “WARNING” is to apprise the operator and all other affected individuals of potential dangers they should be – but may not be – aware of, and to enable the operator to take appropriate action to protect themselves and others, where applicable, from such hazards. An attempt is made herein to warn against reasonable and reasonably foreseeable danger in the proper use and possible reasonable misuse of CALDWELL/ RENFROE products described in this manual.

Designated Person

A person selected by the employer or the employer’s representative as being competent to perform those specific duties.

Qualified Person

A person who, by possession of a recognized degree in an applicable field or certificate of professional standing, or who, by extensive knowledge, training, and experience, has successfully demonstrated the ability to solve problems relating to the subject matter at hand.



Download a RENFROE Catalog

Download a copy of the most current RENFROE catalog to see the full-line selection here:

caldwellinc.com/caldwell-catalog-library

Model J/JP/JA/JPA Clamp Series

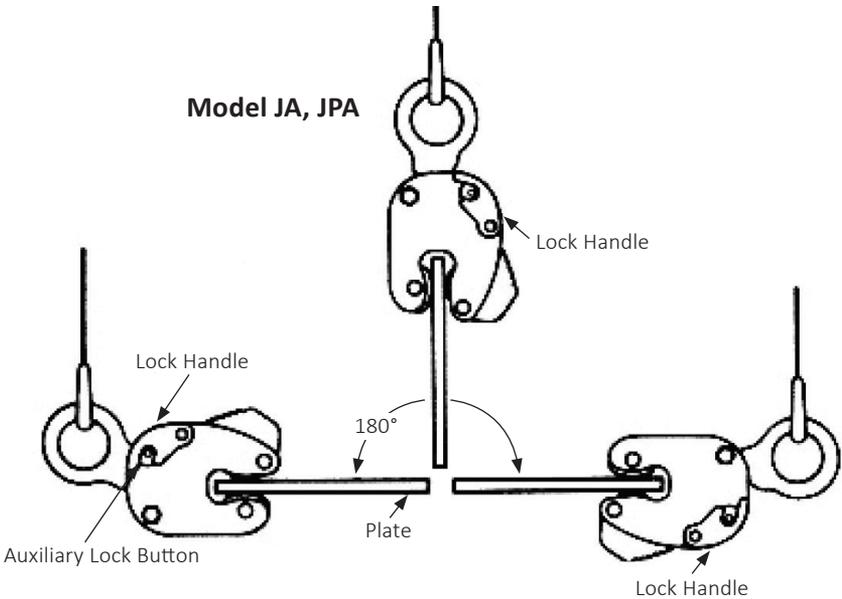
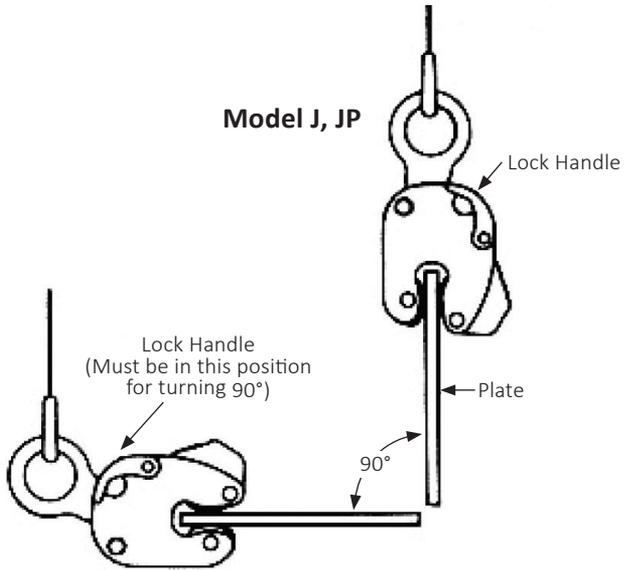
The Models J, JA, JP & JPA have a lock open and lock closed feature built into their design. The JA, & JPA have an auxiliary lock. The JA, and JPA clamps are recommended for turning of a single steel plate from horizontal to vertical to horizontal through a 180° arc. Refer to the illustration on the next page The Auxiliary lock prevents the lock handle from moving from the “Lock Closed” position until the auxiliary lock button is manually depressed. The “Lock Open” “Lock Closed” feature facilitate attaching and removing the clamp from the plate. Refer to Definitions for explanation of “Lock Open” , “Lock Closed” clamp.

The only differences between the J, JA, JP, and JPA clamps are the auxiliary lock being included on the JA and JPA clamps and a pivoting shackle is included on the JP and JPA clamps. The models J and JP are capable of turning a plate from horizontal to vertical and back through the same 90° arc. Refer to the illustration on the next page.

WARNING: Refer to Load Chart on page 16, showing de-rating of rated capacity based on angle of side loading.

For an exploded view of the clamp parts, turn to pages 26 and 27. **WARNING: When turning a plate from horizontal to vertical, the operator must position the clamp at the start of the turning operation so that the lock handle is on the topside of the plate when the plate is in the horizontal position. It should be noted at the finish of a 180° turn that the lock handle will be on the underside of the plate and therefore sufficient clearance under the plate should be allowed for the lock to be disengaged. Refer to the sections on Operation and Maintenance for the approved procedures in the operation and maintenance of this product.**





Model J/JP/JA/JPA Clamp Series

STEP 1

Before using any RENFROE clamp, refer to the Application section to confirm the operation to be undertaken is an appropriate application for this product.

STEP 2

Select appropriate capacity and plate thickness. The model designation, capacity, and plate thickness are stenciled on each clamp. **WARNING: Never exceed rated capacity or use on plates that are not within the range of plate thickness stenciled on the clamp. Lift only one plate on each lift.**

Always use a clamp with maximum plate thickness and rated capacity near equal to the thickness and weight of the plate being lifted.

STEP 3

Inspect clamp before each lift. **WARNING: Do not use if in need of repair.**

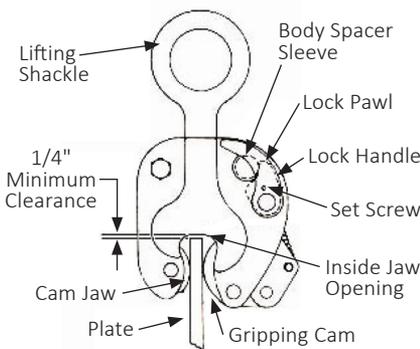
If in doubt, refer to the Maintenance section for detailed maintenance instructions and exploded view of the clamp for part identification.

- A. Check the clamp to be certain the identification and warning tags are present and legible.
- B. Do not use the clamp if the tags are missing or illegible.
- C. Inspect gripping surfaces for wear and defects. Gripping surfaces must be sharp and free of foreign matter.
- D. Inspect condition of body for wear, damage and distortion, particularly in the area of the jaw opening.
- E. Inspect lifting shackle and all pins for wear and damage.
- F. Lock spring must have definite amount of tension when the lock is moved to the "Lock Closed" position without material in the clamp. Lock Pawl must rest on body spacer sleeve.
- G. On the model JA and JPA the auxiliary lock button must have a positive spring action that projects it out to engage the lock handle when the handle is moved to the "Lock Closed" position.
- H. Remove any clamp from service in need of repair.

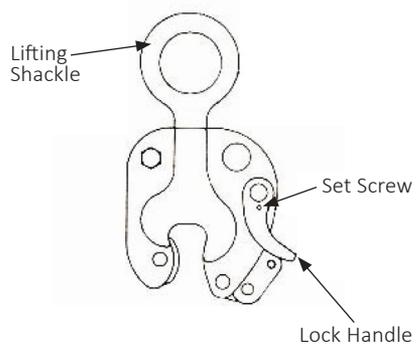
AUXILIARY LOCK

The Auxiliary Lock Release Button is mounted in the Lock Handle. When Lock Handle is in “Lock Closed” position the Auxiliary Lock Release Button is flush with the top of the Lock Handle. **WARNING: Do not use clamp unless auxiliary lock is fully engaged and auxiliary push button is flush with top of lock handle.**

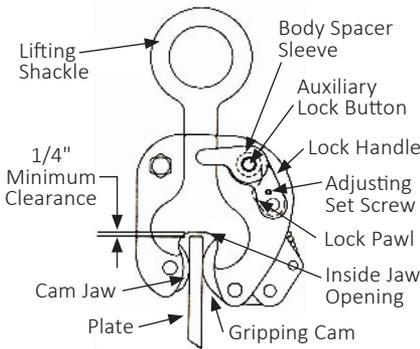
The Lock Button for the Auxiliary Lock is spring loaded and is mounted in the clamp body. **WARNING: Do not use clamp unless lock button spring extends button to fully engage auxiliary release button when lock handle is in “Lock Closed” position.**



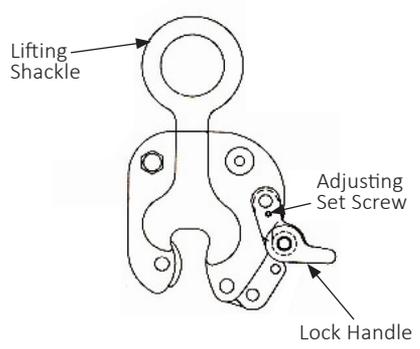
J, JP “LOCK CLOSED” POSITION



J, JP “LOCK OPEN” POSITION



JA, JPA “LOCK CLOSED” POSITION



JA, JPA “LOCK OPEN” POSITION

STEP 4

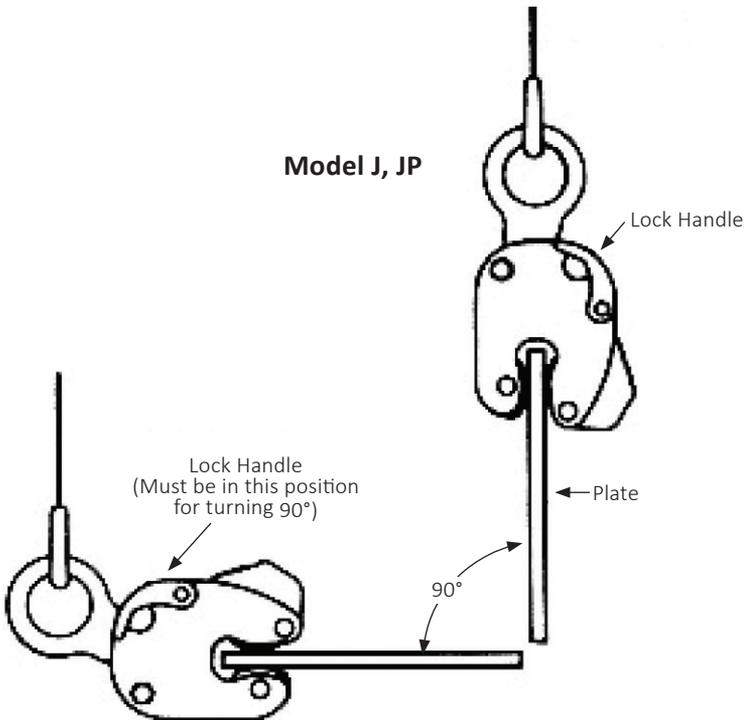
The clamp is a component of the rigging used in lifting or transporting a plate. It is important to use safe and adequate rigging. The lock is used to hold the clamp in place until the gripping mechanism is actuated by a force applied to the lifting shackle. **WARNING: Improper or excessively heavy rigging may interfere with the operation of the clamp and its ability to maintain a proper position on the plate. Never attach crane hook directly to the clamp—always use a flexible sling between crane hook and clamp.**

STEP 5

Move the lock lever to the “Lock Open” position. Gripping cam is maintained in retracted position. Refer to illustrations on page 14.

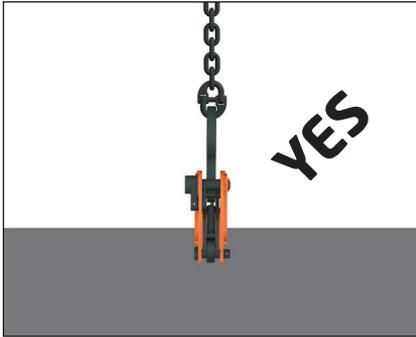
STEP 6

Position clamp on plate being lifted. **WARNING: When using the Model J and JP for lifting from horizontal to vertical, the clamp must be positioned with the lock handle always on the topside of plate when plate is in a horizontal position. Refer to illustration below.**

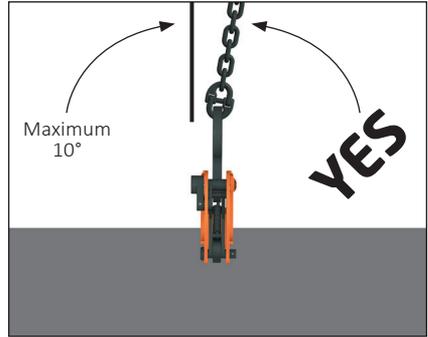


Do not allow inside of jaw opening to rest on edge of plate. Maintain 1/4" clearance. Refer to "Open" position illustration on page 14. Position the clamp so that the direction of force applied by the crane is in line with the lifting shackle, except for the JP and JPA clamps—refer to the De-Rated Capacities Chart. **WARNING: never exceed 10° side loading.**

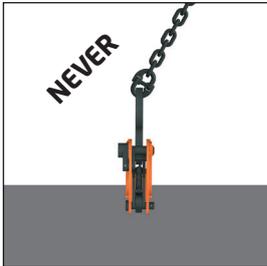
Refer to illustrations below.



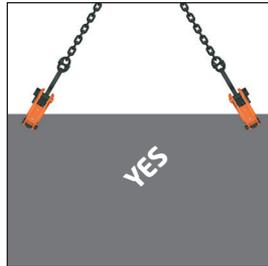
Sling directly above and in-line with the lifting shackle. (J and JA only)



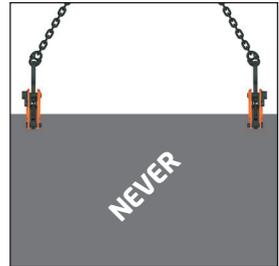
Maximum allowable side loading. (J and JA only)



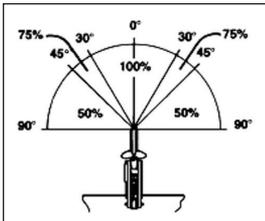
Excessive side loading. (J and JA only)



Clamps in-line with sling. (J and JA only)



Clamps not in-line with sling. (J and JA only)



DERATED CAPACITIES CHART

(To be used for Models JP and JPA only)

Model JP and JPA incorporates a pivoting shackle that permits side loading of the lifting shackle at 100% of rated capacity from vertical to 30°, 75% of rated capacity between 30° and 45°, and 50% of rated capacity between 45° and 90°.

STEP 7

Make certain the gripping surfaces of the clamp are fully in contact with the plate and not partially on and off the edge of the plate.

**STEP 8**

Place the lock lever in the “Lock Closed” position. Lock Pawl must rest on body spacer sleeve. Spring now exerts force on gripping cam. On Model JA and JPA, make certain the auxiliary lock button projects from the housing and fully engages the lock handle. **WARNING: Lift only when clamp is in “Lock Closed” position.**

STEP 9

Commence lift. **WARNING: Operators should position themselves away from and fully clear of the member to be lifted. Plates being turned have a tendency to slide. Do not commence lift until all personnel are clear of the area of the lift. Never stand under or near a member being lifted. Refer to photograph below.**



STEP 10

To remove clamp—after plate is fully supported and at rest in a stable position, relax lifting force, keeping hands clear (depress auxiliary lock button on the JA, JPA) move lock handle to “Lock Open” position. Lift clamp from plate. Refer to illustrations on page 14.

STEP 11

Inspect clamp. Remove from service if in need of repair. **WARNING: In the event the stenciling is worn and not legible or the tag containing the model, capacity or other pertinent information is missing—do not use clamp until it has been properly labeled.**

Inspection tools are available. Find inspection forms, maintenance record forms, and survey report forms at caldwellinc.com/renfroe. Danger tags and inspection stickers are available upon request.



RENFROE clamps are constructed so the wearing parts may be replaced by using the RENFROE Repair Kits. Kits contain all parts generally replaced due to normal wear. To order a repair kit, talk to your distributor or call us at 800.628.4263 or 815.229.5667.



Model J/JP/JA/JPA Clamp Series

The severity of service to which the clamp is subjected in the workplace determines the frequency and type of inspection procedure required for the clamp. The frequency and type of inspection is determined by the clamp owner. RENFROE acknowledges the ASME B30.20 safety standard which sets forth minimum inspection requirements for “Below-the-Hook” lifting devices and the RENFROE Recommended Inspection Schedule meets and/or exceeds the ASME inspection recommendations.

Before using a clamp, operators should be trained by a qualified person to visually inspect a lifting clamp that will include, but not be limited to, the following:

Every-Lift Inspection:

A visual inspection by the operator before and after each lift made by the clamp.

- Check the clamp to be certain the identification and warning tags are present and legible.
- Do not use the clamp if the tags are missing or illegible.
- Inspect gripping surfaces for wear and defects—gripping surfaces must be sharp and free of foreign matter.
- Inspect the condition of the body for wear, damage, and distortion, particularly in the area of the jaw opening.
- Inspect lifting shackle and all pin holes for wear and damage.
- The lock spring must have a definite amount of tension when the lock is moved to the “Lock Closed” position without material in the clamp. Lock Pawl must rest on body spacer sleeve.
- On the Model JA and JPA, the auxiliary lock button must have a positive spring action that projects it out to engage the lock handle when the handle is moved to the “Lock Closed” position.
- Remove any clamp from service in need of repair.

Choose Factory Refurbish & Recertification

Do you currently offer clamp refurbishing and recertifications? Count on CALDWELL/RENFROE to handle refurbishments in total for you or to supplement your in-house capabilities. To begin the quote process or learn more about the program, call our customer service department. We'll explain how things work and get you started right away. If requested, we can also provide a certificate of proof test. **Call us at 800.628.4263.**

WARNING: Do not use the clamp if in need of repair. If, during the Every-Lift Inspection, the operator believes the clamp exhibits excessively worn parts or is damaged, the clamp should be inspected by a qualified person who will make a determination as to its fitness to make a lift. At this time, the condition of the clamp should be noted and recorded. After inspection by the qualified person, it may be decided that a periodic inspection procedure is necessary.

Frequent Inspection:

A visual inspection (see Every-Lift Inspection) by an operator or other designated person timed according to the clamps service class.

Normal Service	Monthly
Heavy Service	Weekly to Monthly
Severe Service	Daily to Weekly

If, during the frequent inspection, the operator believes the clamp exhibits excessively worn parts or is damaged, the clamp should be inspected by a qualified person who will make a determination as to its fitness to make a lift. At this time, the condition of the clamp should be noted and recorded. After inspection by the qualified person, it may be decided that a periodic inspection procedure is necessary.

Periodic Inspection:

A recorded inspection by a qualified person as described in the Periodic Inspection Procedure below timed according to the clamps service class.

Normal Service	Annual
Heavy Service	Semi-Annual
Severe Service	Quarterly

If during any inspection a condition is found which leads to a periodic inspection, then the next periodic inspection is due from the time the clamp is returned to service. See the table below.

Normal Service	1 Year
Heavy Service	6 Months
Severe Service	3 Months

WARNING: If any hazardous condition is found that may cause injury to the operator or other personnel, then the clamp should be subjected to a Periodic Inspection by a qualified person.

Repair (Replacement of Worn Parts):

During regular maintenance, when replacing parts that are worn, a record should be made of the parts replaced. After the replacement of worn parts, clamps need not be load tested if using RENFROE parts. Non-RENFROE parts are not approved and shall not be used.

Repair (Replacement of Damaged Parts):

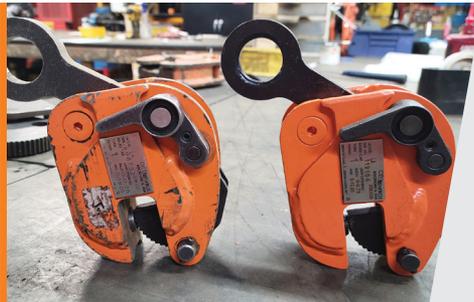
During a repair in which parts are replaced due to damage, a record should be made of the repair. At this time, the clamp should be marked with the following information as per the ASME B30.20 requirements:

- **Name and address of the repairer**
- **Repairer's unit identification**
- **Clamp weight (if altered)**
- **Rated load (if altered)**
- **ASME BTH-1 Design Category (if altered)**
- **ASME BTH-1 Service Class (if altered)**

RFID

Some RENFROE clamps are fitted with an RFID chip and can be clearly identified by means of an ID number. This can be captured using the RUD ID EASY-CHECK® (reading device) and transferred to the EYE-D.NET system, for example. The latter application assists you in managing and documenting your components.

Further information can be found online or from your RENFROE contact.



RENFROE Clamps 101: Repair, Rebuild, or Replace?

Know your options when you find a lifting clamp that's showing wear on the CALDWELL blog here:
caldwellinc.com/blog

Model J/JP/JA/JPA Periodic Inspection Procedures

STEP 1

Verify the identity of the clamp by checking the identification (I.D.) plate on the clamp body. If the I.D. plate is missing or not legible, you should remove the clamp from service and call the factory for further instructions. In some cases, an RFID chip may be embedded in the clamp and can help you identify the unit ... but you must still call the factory to arrange next steps, which may include obtaining replacement I.D. and warning tags or recertification before returning the clamp to service.

STEP 2

Completely disassemble clamp.

STEP 3

Remove all dirt, grease, and other matter that may inhibit proper inspection of the clamp body or clamp components.

STEP 4

Body:

- A. Inspect the welds for fractures. RENFROE recommends a dye penetrate or similar method of detecting indications on the clamp. If an indication is found, it may be necessary to use a magnetic particle, ultrasonic, or similar methods for determining damage to the clamp or components.
- B. Inspect inside jaw opening for displaced metal and distortion.
- C. Inspect clearance of lock handle assembly mounting hole for wear. Clearance with shaft of lock handle assembly should be minor. Mounting holes that are worn, oversized may cause the lock handle to malfunction. Refer to exploded view. **WARNING: Replace clamps containing fractures, elongated pin holes, worn or elongated swivel jaw mounting hole, distorted jaw openings and clamp bodies with worn and rough shackle pin guide slots and jaw opening with displaced metal.**

STEP 5

Lifting Shackle (J/JA-1 in parts diagrams on pages 26 and 27):

- A. Inspect lifting shackle eye for elongation and wear at point where the eye engages the sling attachment.
- B. Inspect shackle pin holes for wear and elongation.
- C. Inspect shackle body for bending. NOTE: (JP, JPA) Inspect shackle pivot pin, mounting holes and retaining spiral pins. Elongated shackle eye indicates overloading. Elongated shackle pin holes indicate wear and possible overloading. Bent shackles indicate excessive side-loading.

WARNING: Replace shackles that are bent, show excessive wear at eye, or have elongated eye or shackle pin holes.

STEP 6

Cam Assembly (JPA-5 in parts diagrams on pages 26 and 27):

- A. Inspect cams for chipped or worn teeth. Teeth must be sharp and free of foreign matter.
- B. Inspect cam straps for distortion and fractures.
- C. Inspect pin holes in the cam straps for elongation and wear. **WARNING: Replace cam assemblies that have cams with worn or damaged teeth, that contain fractures, or that have cams and cam straps with elongated pin holes.**

STEP 7

Shackle Pin and Cam Pin and Swivel Jaw Pin (JPA-3, JPA-6 and JPA-9 in parts diagrams on pages 26 and 27):

- A. Inspect all pins for:
 - 1. Distortion
 - 2. Surface blemishes
 - 3. Wear
 - 4. Fractures

WARNING: Replace pins that are distorted, have surface scars, are worn, or contain fractures.

STEP 8

Swivel Jaw (JPA-8 in parts diagrams on pages 26 and 27):

- A. Inspect swivel jaw for fractures, damage, and wear. Serrations must be sharp and free of imperfections and foreign matter.
- B. Swivel jaw must turn freely in clamp. During assembly – insert lubricant in body recess before installing swivel jaw. Recommended lubricant is powdered graphite or Molybdenum Disulfide grease. Make certain spiral pins are in place. **WARNING: Replace worn, dull or damaged swivel jaw.**

STEP 9

Swivel Jaw Pivot Block(JPA-10 in parts diagrams on pages 26 and 27):

- A. Inspect pivot pin hole in pivot block for elongation and wear.

STEP 10

Body Bolt and Body Spacer Sleeve (J/JP-15 in parts diagrams on page 26):

- A. Inspect body spacer sleeve at position where sleeve contacts shackle.
- B. Inspect body bolt and sleeve. When replacing bolt, tighten bolt and nut, at joint of thread to lock nut in place. **WARNING: Replace body bolt, nut and sleeve if worn or damaged.**

STEP 11

Auxiliary Lock Housing and Sleeve (JA/JPA-14 in parts diagrams on page 27):

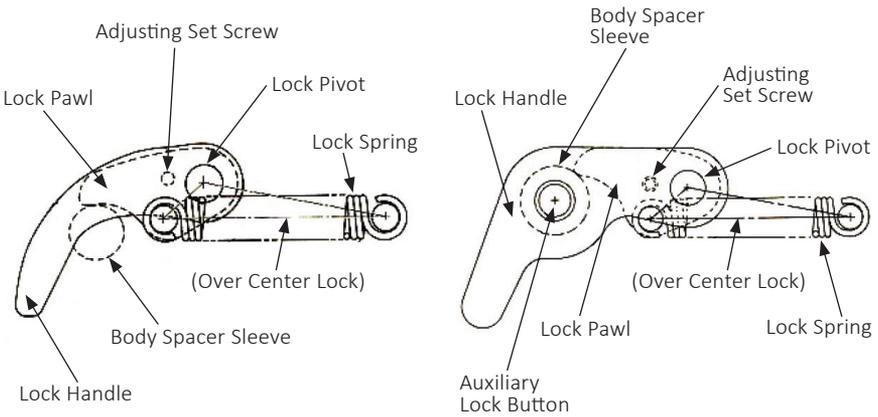
- A. Inspect sleeve for wear at position where sleeve contacts shackle. Replace if worn.
- B. Inspect auxiliary lock housing for distortion and wear.
- C. Inspect auxiliary lock button. The button must move in and out of housing without binding. The spring must be capable of maintaining button in extended position.

WARNING: Replace the auxiliary lock if damaged or the auxiliary lock button spring does not maintain the button in the extended position.

STEP 12

Lock Spring (JPA-7 in parts diagrams on pages 26 and 27):

- A. Inspect lock spring for distortion. Spring must have a definite amount of tension when moved to the "Lock Closed" position without material in the clamp. Lock Pawl must rest on body spacer sleeve. See illustration below. **WARNING: Replace if damaged, distorted, or lacking proper tension.**



J, JP "LOCK CLOSED" POSITION

JA, JPA "LOCK CLOSED" POSITION

STEP 13

Lock Assembly (I/J/P-12, JA/JPA-13 in parts diagrams on pages 26 and 27):

- A. Inspect for damage and wear, particularly in the area where the lock handle engages the auxiliary lock's locking button.
- B. Inspect lock handle for binding, particularly when moving lock handle to the "Lock Closed" position. If binding does occur, adjust set screw in body of lock handle to provide adequate clearance. On Models JA and JPA the auxiliary lock button must fit completely inside radius of opening in lock handle. Refer to "Closed" position illustrated on page 24.
- C. Inspect lock assembly pivot shaft for wear. Shaft must have "Slip Fit" with lock handle pivot hole. Refer to exploded view on pages 26 and 27. Clamps with capacities of 4 tons and above incorporate bearings at position where shaft of lock handle assembly mounts in body.

WARNING: Replace lock assemblies that have worn or damaged parts, fit loosely in the body mounting hole and do not have a definite "Over Center" "Lock Closed" position. Replace worn and damaged bearings.

STEP 14

After reassembly, check operation of clamp. All parts should move freely without binding. Refer to exploded view for proper location of component parts. **WARNING: All retaining pins and fasteners must be in place.**

GENERAL

RENFROE products may be returned to the factory for inspection and refurbishment in accordance with an established fee schedule.

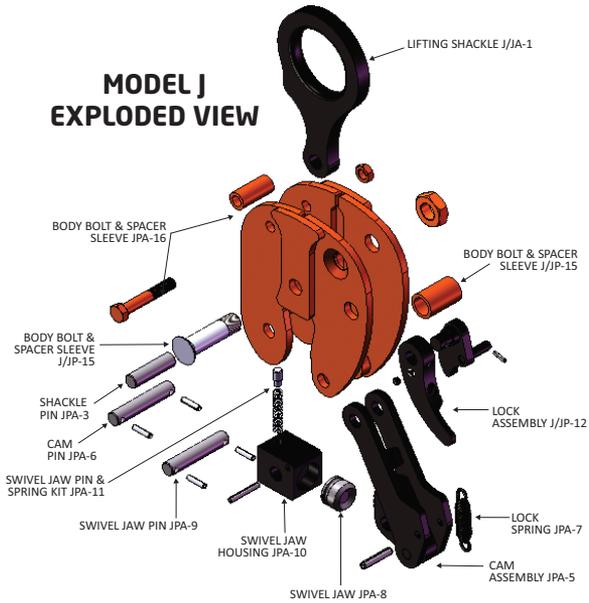
Use only RENFROE replacement parts to insure maximum efficiency and safety factor originally built into the product. Refer to CALDWELL Customer Service for instructions on ordering replacement parts.

WARNING: Do not weld, grind, or modify the clamp body or component parts in any manner. In the event the stenciling is worn and not legible or the tag containing the model, capacity, or other pertinent information is missing, do not use clamp until it has been properly labeled.

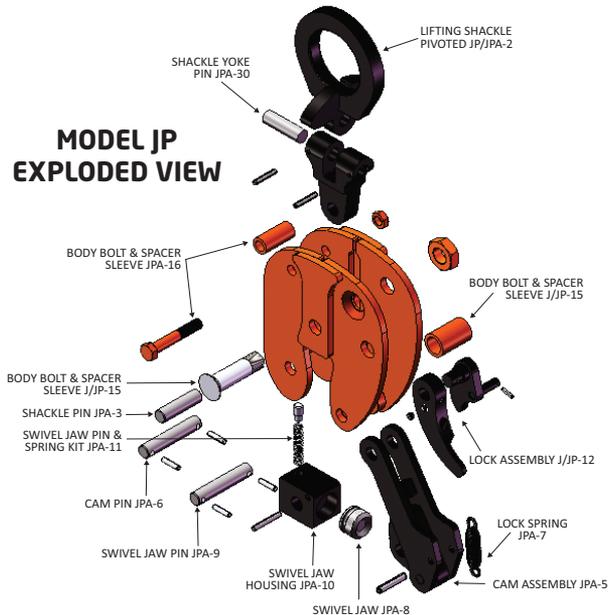
Exclusion of Warranty

There exists no warranties neither expressed nor implied which extend beyond the descriptions or statements contained in the face or any part hereof.

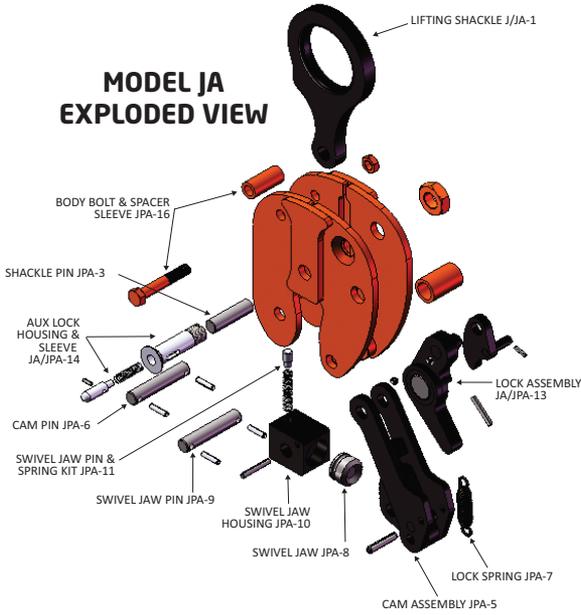
**MODEL J
EXPLODED VIEW**



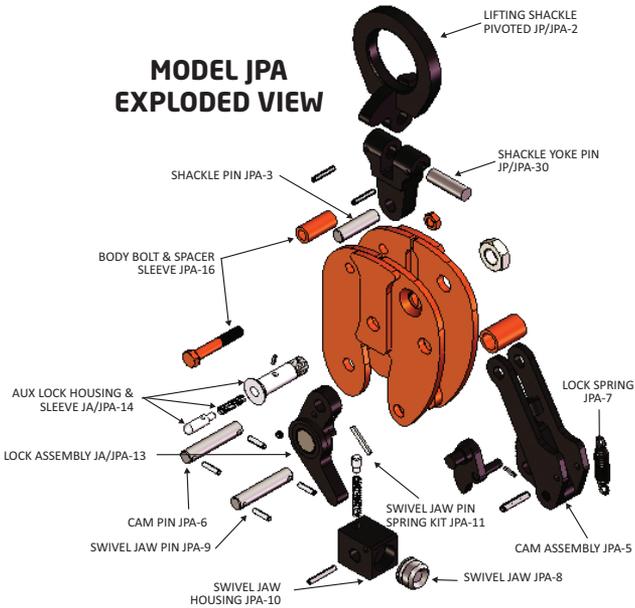
**MODEL JP
EXPLODED VIEW**



MODEL JA EXPLODED VIEW



MODEL JPA EXPLODED VIEW





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